Clear Discarded Storage that Contained Secrets and Do Not Read Uninitialized Storage

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Failing to initialize storage can introduce vulnerability.

Description

When allocated, storage may not have been initialized, meaning that whatever was left in storage from its previous use is still there. If that storage might contain leftover secrets, like passwords, then accidentally disclosing that data amounts to a security leak—of information from the previous user.

When your system, in turn, deallocates storage that contains secrets, it may be leaking those secrets to the *next* user of the storage.

References

[Thompson 05]	Thompson, Herbert & Chase, Scott. *The Software Vulnerability Guide*. Charles River Media, 211-222. 2005.
[VU#412115]	Lanza, Jeffrey P. *Network device drivers reuse old frame buffer data to pad packets*. 2003. http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/412115.

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3. http://buildsecurityin.us-cert.gov/bsi/about_us/authors/320-BSI.html (Fithen, William L.)
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